

## Welcome to our practice!

Welcome to our practice!		Today's Date:	Today's Date:		
Please print legibly and	fill in all fields.				
Patient Name:					
	First	M.I.	Last		
Birthday:	SSN:	Gender: □	] Female □ Male		
Street Address:					
City/State/Zip:					
Primary Phone:		Secondary Phone:			
Email:		Preferred Contact Method	: □ Phone □ Email		
Marital Status: □ Single	e □ Married Ethnic	city:			
Emergency Contact:		Phone:			
Patient Employer:		Occupation:			
How did you hear about	t us?				
□ Radio □ Google □	] Social Media □ Docto	r □ Salon			
☐ Word of Mouth ☐ E	xisting Patient				
9 .		ave, even if unrelated to your consee how we can help you achieve a			
Patient Goals:					
Learn more about medi	cal grade skincare produ	ıcts? □ Yes □ No			
Learn more about how	custom facials can impro	ove your skin's feel and appearan	ce? □ Yes □ No		
Learn more about inject	ables like Botox and Juv	vederm? □ Yes □ No			
Learn more about PDO	Thread Lifts? ☐ Yes ☐ I	No			
Learn more about weigh	nt loss? □ Yes □ No				
Learn more about O-Sh	ots and P-Shots? □ Yes	s □ No			
Learn more about Vive	ve, a one-time vaginal res	storation treatment? $\square$ Yes $\square$ No			
Learn more about our m	ned spa membership? □	l Yes □ No			
Patient Signature:			Date:		



# **Health History**

Today's Date:		oday's Date:
F:1		
		Last
Gende	er: □ Female □ Male	
Weight:		
it:		
include year):		
& Present):		
eding/Clotting Proble	ems □ Cancer □ Psychiatric/De	
ormation on positive	responses:	
s □ No *If yes, how	many packs per day?	
edications (include ov	ver-the-counter, supplements, and	l vitamins): 
s □ No		
	Date of Last Physi	ical:
formation is correct of	one year from date above and sigr	n below.
	Da	ate:
	First  Gende Weight:  Sit:  Sit:  Sit:  Sod Present):  Sod Pressure □ Headeding/Clotting Problete akage □ Vaginal □  Sormation on positive  Sol No *If yes, howeledications (include over the second of the second o	First M.I.  Gender: □ Female □ Male  Weight: □  Sit:  Sit:  Sood Pressure □ Heart Problems □ Lung/Breathing Feeding/Clotting Problems □ Cancer □ Psychiatric/Deeakage □ Vaginal Dryness □ Other:  cormation on positive responses:  S□ No *If yes, how many packs per day? □  Bedications (include over-the-counter, supplements, and



What is the reason you want to lose weight?		
How long has your weight been a problem?		
Are you currently at your heaviest weight? (If no, how much did you weigh at your heaviest weight)?		
What methods have you previously tried to lose weight?		
Are you scared of needles/needle phobic/faint easily when you have blood taken?		
Women only answer the following: Check those questions to which you answer yes and leave the others blank:		
$\square$ Are you trying for pregnancy or planning pregnancy in the near future?		
☐ Are you or could you be pregnant?		
☐ Are you breastfeeding?		
Are you on any type of hormone replacement therapy?		
☐ Are you on any contraceptive methods?		
List any other medical or diagnostic test you have had in the past two years:		



Are you on any blood thinners? (If so, please list below):					
Weekl	Weekly alcohol intake?				
Do you	u or have you ever smoked?				
Past o	r current medical history (Check those questions to which you answer yes, leave the others blank):				
	Heart disease (such as heart attack, rheumatic fever, irregular heartbeat, angina, heart murmur)  Diseases of the arteries  High blood cholesterol				
	Anemia or other blood disorders i.e., Sickle Cell disease, Thalassemia Stroke				
	Medullary thyroid cancer  Any Thyroid disease/problems  Parathyroid problems or Adrenal gland problems				
	Diabetes or abnormal blood-sugar tests Phlebitis (inflammation of vein)				
	Deep vein thrombosis/blood clot in the leg (DVT) or PE (pulmonary embolism)  Gallstones or any gallbladder disease (including jaundice)				
	High blood pressure Severe reflux (hypertension) Any breathing problems (such as asthma, COPD, bronchitis)				
	Infective endocarditis Kidney problems including Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD)				
	Pancreas/digestion problems (including acute or chronic pancreatitis) Stomach/duodenum/gastric ulcer				
	Liver problems (including hepatitis, liver failure, fatty liver, alcoholic liver disease)  Any neurological problems (including Parkinson Disease)				



	Severe stomach/gut problems (including inflammatory bowel disease: Crohn's disease or Ulcerat	ive
	colitis)	
	Irritable bowel syndrome (IBS)	
	Jaundice or gall bladder problems	
	Skin conditions	
	Eating disorder (such as anorexia or bulimia)	
	Mental health problems (including personality disorder, psychosis, diagnosis of depression)	
	Self-diagnosis of depression, low moods, nervous or emotional problems	
	Any allergies (including food or drugs)	
	Diseases (Family history) Have you or your blood relatives had any of the following? (Check those	-
questi	ons to which you answer yes, leave the others blank):	
	Heart attacks under age 50	
	Strokes under age 50	
	High blood pressure	
	Elevated cholesterol	
	Diabetes	
	Asthma or hay fever	
	Skin allergies	
	Congenital heart disease (existing at birth but not hereditary)	
	Heart operations	
	Red blood cell disorders i.e., Sickle Cell, Thalassemia, Anemia	
	Glaucoma	
	Kidney disease	
	Obesity (20 or more pounds overweight)	
	Leukemia or cancer under age 60	
	Patient Signature: Date:	
	Practitioner Signature: Date:	



### **Consent to Semaglutide Treatments**

#### Why Semaglutide injections?

The main benefits may include:

- 1. Semaglutide is 94% similar to natural human GLP-1 and therefore acts as a physiological regulator of appetite and thereby reducing food intake by reducing feelings of hunger and increasing feelings of fullness/satiety.
- 2. Semaglutide is a newly licensed medication indicated or the treatment of type-2 diabetes. It is currently undergoing clinical trails to gain a license for the treatment of obesity. In the meantime, your medical practitioner may prescribe this medication for you 'off-label'
- 3. For long term success the treatment needs to be combined with lifestyle changes including nutritional, exercise and behavioral habits.
- 4. Weight loss can lead to secondary benefits by improving weight loss related health problems such as cardiovascular risk factors (including hypertension, blood glucose levels and waist circumference) and physical health-related Quality of Life.

I understand that I have the right to be informed of the procedure, any feasible alternative options, and the risks and benefits. Except in emergencies, procedures are not preformed until I have had an opportunity to receive such information and to give my informed consent.

Since every human being is unique, we cannot guarantee any specific result from Semaglutide treatment. Medication and or medical conditions may have a negative impact on the outcomes as well as lifestyle factors. Treatment should be discontinued after 12 weeks if the patient has not lost at least 5% of their initial body weight.

Patients need to follow the instructions carefully as provided separately in the patient instruction sheet. Patients must agree to notify their practitioner of any contraindications or side effects of the treatment.

It is essential to engage with the once a week weigh in and injection.

**HEALTH CONCERNS:** If you suffer from a medical or pathological condition you need to consult with an appropriate healthcare provider such as your GP or consultant. If you are under the care of another healthcare provider, it is important that you inform your other healthcare providers of your use of Semaglutide. If you are using medications of any kind, you are required to alert us of the medication.

Note: If you have any physical or emotional reaction to Semaglutide treatment, discontinue use immediately, and contract your practitioner to ascertain if the reaction is adverse or an indication of the natural course of the body's adjustment to the treatment.



Laboratory testing may be done to any patient identified at risk to determine areas of dysfunction, not to diagnosis or treat. Potential blood tests:

- 1. Full blood count
- 2. Liver function test
- 3. Kidney function tests
- 4. Cholesterol levels, HbA1c, Glucose

Patient groups who may require blood test monitoring at additional cost:

- Age 50 or above
- High blood pressure
- Pre-diabetics
- Any significant medical problem

*By signing below, you confirm t	hat you accept the ext	ra blood tests with fo	urther monitoring a	s above if
required*				

Patient Signature:	 Date:	
ratient signature.	Date.	

**COMMUNICATION:** Every client is an individual, and it is not possible to determine in advance how your system will react to the treatment. It is sometimes necessary to adjust your program as we proceed. It is your responsibility to do your part by following healthy dietary guidelines, exercise your body and make necessary behavioral modifications.

- 1. Alternatives to Semaglutide therapy are surgical procedures, oral medical treatments (including Orlistat) and/or dietary and lifestyle changes alone.
- 2. Several weeks to months of treatment may be required depending on your individual response.
- 3. If a missed dose is more than 5 days late, the missed dose should not be taken, and the next dose should be taken at the normal time.
- 4. It is essential to combine eating exercise and behavioral modifications with Semaglutide.
- 5. Semaglutide should not be used in combination with another GLP-1 receptor agonist, insulin, or insulin secretagogues (such as sulfonylureas) due to the risk of hypoglycemia.
- 6. Upon initiation of Semaglutide treatment in patients on warfarin or other coumarin derivatives more frequent monitoring of International Normalized Ratio (INR) is recommended.
- 7. Semaglutide causes a delay of gastric emptying and has the potential to impact the absorption of concomitantly administered oral medications, monitor for potential consequences of delayed absorption of oral medications concomitantly administered with Semaglutide.



- 8. Semaglutide causes a delay of gastric emptying and has the potential to impact the absorption of concomitantly administered oral medications, monitor for potential consequences of delayed absorption of oral medications concomitantly administered with Semaglutide.
- 9. There are several special warnings and precautions for use of Semaglutide including warning on pancreatitis, cholelithiasis, cholecystitis, thyroid disease, heart rate, dehydration, and hypoglycemia in people with type 2 diabetes.
- 10. Thyroid adverse events, such as goiter have been reported in patients with pre-existing thyroid disease. Semaglutide should therefore be used with caution in patients with thyroid disease.
- 11. A higher rate of cholelithiasis and cholecystitis (gallstone and gallbladder disease) has been observed in patients treated with semaglutide. Cholelithiasis and cholecystitis may lead to hospitalization and cholecystectomy (surgery to remove the gallbladder). Patients should be aware of the characteristic symptoms of cholelithiasis and cholecystitis.
- 12. Signs and symptoms of dehydration, including renal impairment and acute renal failure, should be advised of the potential risk of dehydration in relation to gastrointestinal side effects and take precautions to avoid fluid depletion. Patients should also be aware of the symptoms of increased heart rate.
- 13. Acute pancreatitis has been observed with the use of Semaglutide. Patients should be told how to recognize signs and symptoms of acute pancreatitis and advised to seek immediate medical attention if symptoms develop. If pancreatitis is suspected, Semaglutide should be discontinued; if acute pancreatitis is confirmed, Semaglutide should not be restarted.
- 14. Semaglutide may cause dose-dependent and treatment-duration-dependent thyroid C-cell tumors at clinically relevant exposure in both genders of rats and mice. It is unknown whether Semaglutide causes thyroid C-cell tumors, including medullary thyroid carcinoma (cancer, MTC), in humans, as the human relevance of Semaglutide-induced rodent thyroid C-cell tumors has not been determined. Patients should be aware of symptoms of thyroid tumors (such as a mass in the neck, difficulty swallowing, difficulty breathing/shortness of breath or persistent hoarseness)

The most common Semaglutide side effects are:

- Nausea
- Constipation
- Decreased appetite
- Dizziness
- Hypoglycemia
- Vomiting
- Dyspepsia
- Abdominal pain
- Diarrhea
- Headache



- Fatigue
- Increased lipase

Nausea is the most common side effect when first starting Semaglutide, but decreases over time for most people as their body gets used to the medicine. The dosing schedule is designed to reduce the likelihood of gastrointestinal symptoms. Tell your health care professional if you have any side effects that bothers you or that does not go away.

Risks of Semaglutide treatment include but not limited to:

- A. Common or very common: Reported in 5%: Dysgeusia (altered sense of taste), dry mouth, insomnia, asthenia, burping, constipation, diarrhea, dizziness, gallbladder disorders, gastrointestinal dyspepsia, gastritis, gastro-esophageal reflux disease, flatulence, eructation, upper abdomen pain, abdomen distension cholelithiasis, injection site reactions, fatigue, increase lipase and increased amylase.
- B. Uncommon: Malaise, pancreatitis, tachycardia, urticaria.
- C. Rare: Renal impairment, allergic reaction anaphylaxis.

#### DO NOT take Semaglutide if any of the below contradictions apply to you:

- 1. Aged under 18 or above 75
- 2. Severe renal/kidney impairment (with eGFR of 15 or below) or a history of renal disease
- 3. Severe hepatic/liver impairment
- 4. Personal or family history of medullary thyroid cancer (MTC)
- 5. Hypersensitivity to Semaglutide or to any of the excipients: disodium phosphate dihydrate
- 6. Weight problems related to endocrinological or eating disorders
- 7. Concurrent insulin or sulfonylurea
- 8. Patient on warfarin (more frequent INR monitoring required)
- 9. Concurrent use of any medicinal products which may cause weight gain
- 10. Pregnancy, breastfeeding, or trying to/planning to become pregnant
- 11. Congestive heart failure
- 12. History of pancreatitis, gallbladder disease, inflammatory bowel disease, diabetic gastroparesis
- 13. Patients with a personal or family history of MEN 2 (Multiple Endocrine Neoplasia syndrome)

The below drugs interact with Semaglutide and treatment of Semaglutide should not be used concurrently. Drug interactions:

- Alogliptin
- Biphasic insulin aspart
- Biphasic insulin lispro
- Biphasic isophane insulin
- Canagliflozin



- Dapagliflozin
- Dulaglutide
- Empagliflozin
- Exenatide
- Glibenclamide
- Gliclazide
- Glimepiride
- Glipizide
- Any insulin including aspart, degludec, detemir, glargine, glulisine, lispro, isophane, zinc suspension
- Nateglinide
- Pioglitazone
- Repaglinide, Saxagliptin, Sitagliptin, Vildagliptin
- Tolbutamide

I am aware that other unforeseeable complications could occur. I do not expect the clinic to anticipate and or explain all risk and possible complications. I rely on them to exercise judgment during the course of treatment. I understand the risks and benefits of the treatment and have had opportunity to have all my questions answered.

Patient Signature:	Date:		
Practitioner Signature:	Date:		